Presray Pneuma-Seal® DESIGN GUIDE

ONE GREAT CONCEPTTHREE GREAT APPLICATIONS

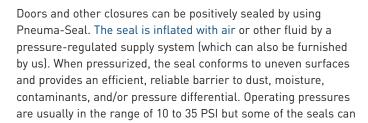


ACTUATING



The Solution to Sealing

- 1. Horizontal or Vertical sliding doors.
- 2. Hinged doors with flush thresholds for easy personnel or equipment access.
- 3. Large fabricated doors or other closures where it is impractical to machine the sealing surfaces to accommodate conventional seals and gaskets.
- 4. Processing equipment where rapid sealing and unsealing is required.



be designed to operate at lower pressures, in the order of 5 PSI or less, or at higher pressures of 100 PSI or more. Expansion capabilities, the ability to close a "gap", vary from cross section to cross section. Large "gaps" may be accommodated but it should be noted that as the gap increases, the pressure required to seal against a given pressure differential increases, thereby decreasing the seal's flex life.



The Solution to Clamping and Actuating



Pneumatic Clamps

When inflated, the clamp provides uniform controlled pressure to firmly clamp pieces together during bonding operations or to hold pieces in place during machining or cutting operations. Typical applications include the bonding of airframe components and stopping large pharmaceutical bottles on a conveyor line.



Pneumatic Actuators

The expanding Pneuma-Seal moves and repositions other components which exert pressure to actuate switching devices, to open and close air or hydraulic passages, or to clamp mechanical components. In a typical application, the pressurized Pneuma-Seal effects the desired motion and mechanical springs return the components to their normal open or closed position.

Pneuma-Seal Construction

Pneuma-Seal is available in four different types of construction:

- Extruded with vulcanized joints or ends
- Extruded and either fully preformed or with preformed corners, with vulcanized joints or ends
- Fully molded, seamless (no vulcanized joints)
- Fully molded, seamless (no vulcanized joints), and reinforced with Nylon, Nomex®, Kevlar®, fiberglass or Dacron® fabric

The extruded construction seals are offered for applications where economy is of primary concern. However, in applications involving high pressure and/or repeated, continuous use, where safety and reliability are of major importance, the molded fabric-reinforced construction is recommended. The molding process minimizes weak points at "spliced" joints and the fabric reinforcing gives additional structural integrity assuring better resistance to rupture and tear, thereby providing superior flex life.

Presray Pneuma-Seal

Pawling Engineered Products is a vertically integrated business designing, selling and manufacturing the inflatable Pneuma-Seal® product line and other custom rubber products of Presray Corporation as well as the compounds and rubber and plastic extrusions of Pawling Corporation.

This new Design Guide is filled with information, which should prove valuable to you when working with new or changing requirements in your business. Please give us a call at 845-855-1000 with questions on how our capabilities might help solve problems for your specific application.

Table of Contents

The Solution to Sealing	2
Applications	4
Applications in Detail	5
Typical Configurations	6
Materials	7
Type 1 Pneuma-Seal	8
Retention Systems for Type 1	9
Type 2 Pneuma-Seal	D
Type 3 Pneuma-Seal	1
Retention Systems for Type 31	2
Type 4 Pneuma-Seal	2
Type 10 Pneuma-Seal	3
Retention Groove Design for Type 101	3
Type 7 Pneuma-Seal	4
Other Pneuma-Seal Types	4
Sealing Small Diameters	4
2-Piece Seals	5
End Configurations	5
Mechanical Interlocking Ends1	5
End Configurations for Types 1 and 2 Seals1	5
End Configurations for Type 3 Seals10	6
End Configurations and Clamps for Type 10 Seals1	6
Corner Configurations	7
Sealing Rectangular Openings with Radially Outward Expanding Seals1	7
Air Connections	8
Air Connections for Types 1,2,3,4 and 71	8
End Connections for Types 1,2,3,4 and 71	9
Air Connections for Type 10 Seals1	9
Custom Rubber Fabrications	O
Special Molded Cross Sections2	1
Fabric Reinforced Compression Seals2	1
Compression Gaskets, Trim, Channels, Bumpers, and Other Non-Inflatable Profiles $\dots 22 \& 23 \dots 20 . \dots 20 \dots $	





Applications

Pawling Engineered Products specializes in the custom design and manufacture of inflatable rubber products, seals, and other engineered rubber devices. We will carefully analyze your problem, apply our extensive technical knowledge, and follow your project through to an efficient solution. Advanced compounding, molding, extruding, fabricating, coupled with testing equipment and processes enable us to address your most demanding needs for rubber fabrications that require a high level of durability and reliability.



Powder & Bulk Solids Processing Equipment: Mixers, blenders, screeners, dryers, chutes, hoppers, valves



Transportation: High speed trains, tailgate seals, automobile emission control test sheds



Nuclear: Door and hatch seals, pool gate seals, refueling seals, nozzle dam seals



Electronic/Wafers Semiconductor Processing: Washers, soldering equipment, furnaces, filters, load locks, measuring equipment, actuators



Medical: Virology laboratories, clean rooms, sterilizers



Wineries: Lid seals for variable capacity wine tanks



Paper Machinery: Seals for the wet end of paper machinery, doctor blade bladders, inflatable bladders for expanding mandrels for slitters and scorers



Aerospace/Aircraft: Wind tunnels, jet engine test cells, bladders for bonding and clamping fixtures, door and hatch seals



Textile Machinery: Pressure chambers, inflatable clamps



Conveyors: Conveyor stops, brakes, bumpers



Converting Equipment: Access way seals



Flood Protection: Gate and door seals



Food Processing Equipment: Smokehouse door seals



Robotics Material Handling: Clamps, grips, actuators



Wood Processing: Drying kilns, log preparation chambers



Marine: Cargo hatches, elevator platforms, maintenance or shut down seals on propeller shafts, personnel hatches

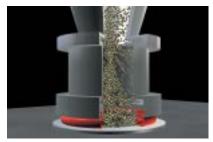


Fluid Sealing: Isolation valve seals, follower plate seals, maintenance shutdown shaft seals



Commercial Laundry Machinery: Door seals

Applications In Detail



Hopper to Transfer Cart: Pneuma-Seal on the mouth of the hopper valve or metering device expands axially down to form a leak-tight seal around the fill opening in a transfer cart.



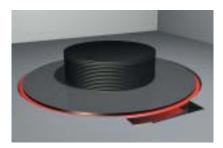
Slide Gate Valves: Pneuma-Seal provides the tightest seal possible for controlling the flow of very fine materials. The inflation and deflation of the seal is timed to coincide with the closing and opening of the slide gate.



Automobile Emission Control Test Shed Door Seals: Airtight enclosures help automotive engineers evaluate carburetor and fuel tank vent evaporative emissions. Warmed up test vehicles are pushed into hot soak enclosures. Escaping fuel vapors are measured by instruments outside the test cells. The doors to the cells are typically sealed using the Type 1 Pneuma-Seal design supplied in either EPDM (EP) or Neoprene (CR).



Airtight Doors: Airtight doors in virology laboratories, animal rooms, and decontamination areas are tightly sealed with Pneuma-Seals installed around the periphery of the door to expand radially outward. This design facilitates frequent access since there is no requirement to actuate multiple dogs and there is no raised sill to obstruct personnel and equipment traffic. Pawling's wholly-owned subsidiary, Presray, specializes in the manufacture of full airtight door assemblies. See www.fpp.presray.com for more detailed examples.



Load Lock: Pawling manufactures a unique inflatable seal made of low outgassing Butyl rubber material which has been tested for vacuum service. This design provides a highly efficient and repeatable seal in the patented vacuum load lock section of a fully automated electron beam metrology system.



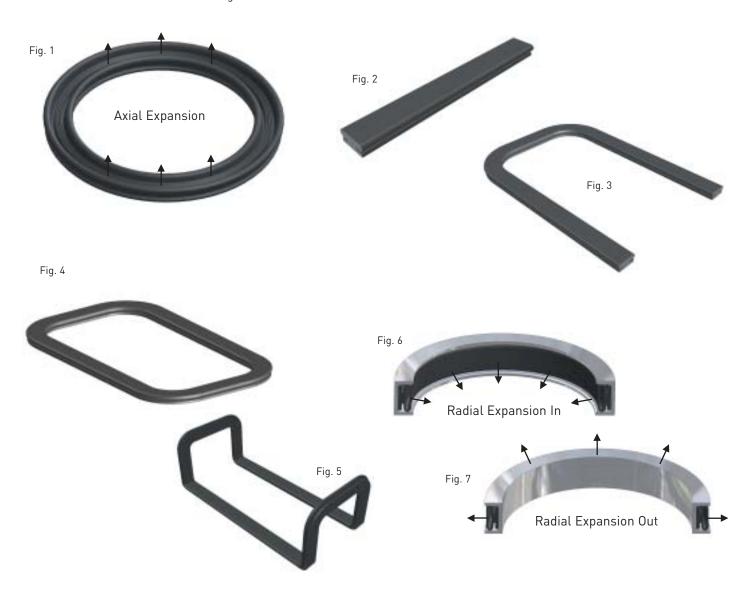
Conveyor Stops/Brakes: Pneuma-Seal inflatable bladders represent two different ideal solutions to controlling and preventing jams on conveyor systems. Positioned alongside the product at the outer extremities of the conveyor belt (or rolls), they can be inflated against the product to temporarily interrupt the flow while the jam clears downstream. Alternately the bladders can be located underneath the product flow and activated to release the contact between belt and rollers, thereby interrupting flow while the jam clears.

Available in Many Configurations

Available in many configurations complete with required inflation connections, Pneuma-Seal requires no bonding or splicing by the user.

Pneuma-Seals (shown in a variety of cross sections on pages 8-14) can be configured to practically any shape or size. Our products can be supplied as continuous loops (Fig. 1), in strip form with sealed ends (Fig. 2), in "U" or similar shapes with preformed corners (Fig. 3), in endless configurations with preformed corners (Fig. 4), or complex configurations (Fig. 5). In many cases, a seal will conform to the corners or radii of a given installation without

the necessity for preforming these corners or radii into the seal. Minimum bend radius information for circular seals, or corners on rectangular seals, is available. When requesting this data, refer to the desired cross-sections (see pages 8 to 14) and the applicable plane of use as indicated (Figs. 1, 6, 7). Arrows indicate direction of inflation.



Many of the seals can be supplied with no joints, if required.

Pawling's unique facilities and processing techniques can produce seamless (no vulcanized joints) rubber products of virtually limitless length and size to your specifications (fabric-reinforced or non-reinforced).

Pneuma-Seal Materials

Pneuma-Seal is available in a wide variety of materials as noted below, although the specific elastomers vary somewhat from one profile to another. If required, cross sections can be custom made using materials other than those indicated in this manual. Please note that the ratings given to the properties of the elastomers are based on Pawling compounds as they are applied to inflatable seals. The ratings of other manufacturers may differ as the result of compounding variables and end product use. Also note that the addition of fabric reinforcing overcomes drawbacks associated with some of the relatively poor physical characteristics of silicone, fluorosilicone, fluorocarbon rubber, and nitrile.

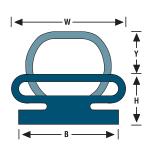
Common Name — Base Polymer	EPDM or EP Rubber	Neoprene	Nitrile or NBR or Buna-N	Natural Rubber	Butyl	Silicone	Fluorosilicone F	-luorocarbon
Chemical Name	Ethylene Propylene	Chloroprene	Acrylonitrile Butadiene	Natural Isoprene	Isobutylene Isoprene	Silicone	Fluorosilicone F	- - luorocarbon
ASTM Designation (ASTM D1418)	EP	CR	NBR	NR	IIR	VMQ	FVMQ	FKM
Tensile Strength (psi)	>2000	>2000	>2000	>2000	>2000	>1200	>1200	>1400
Hardness Range (Durometer A)	40-90	20-80	50-95	50-70	40-75	40-80	40-70	70-90
Tear Resistance	G	G	F	G	G	F	Р	F
Abrasion Resistance	G to E	VG	G	Е	G	Р	F	G
Compression Set	G	G	G	Е	F	VG	E	Е
Resilience Cold Resilience Hot	G VG	G VG	G G	G F	P VG	E E	G E	F E
Radiation Resistance	0	G	Р	F to G	G	G	Е	Е
Impermeability to Gases	G	G	G	F	0	F	Е	Р
Acid Resistance Mild Dilute Strong Concentrate Solvent Resistance	E G	E G	F to G F to G	F to P P	E G	E F	E G	0 E
Aliphatic Hydrocarbons	Р	F to G	Е	Р	Р	Р	G	Е
Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Е	Е
Oxygenated (Ketones, etc)	G	Р	Р	Р	G	Р	F	F
Resistance To:	_	_		_	_	_	_	
Swelling in Lubricating Oil	P P	G	VG	P P	P P	P F	E	0
Oil and Gasoline Animal Oils	F	G F	E E	P P	F	F G	G E	E E
Water Absorption	VG	G	VG	VG	VG	E	E	E
Oxidation	E	VG	G	F to P	E	E	0	G
Ozone	0	VG	F	F to P	F to G	Е	0	E
Sunlight Aging	0	VG	Р	F to P	VG	Е	Е	G
Heat Aging	VG	G	G	G to F	G	0	Е	Е
Low Temperature	VG	G	F to G	G	G	0	G	F
Flame	Р	G	Р	Р	Р	F	Е	Е
Vegetable Oils	F	G	G	Р	F	Р	Е	Е
Chlorinated Hydrocarbons	Р	Р	F	Р	Р	P to F	F	G

O = Outstanding E = Excellent VG = Very Good G = Good F = Fair P = Poor

Pneuma-Seal

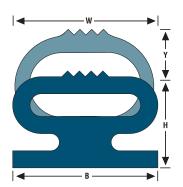
Type 1

The "original" Pneuma-Seal and most popular inflatable profile. These cross sections are designed for ease of mechanical retention (see page 9 for options) and the "foot" allows the bulb portion to expand fully, thereby ensuring full gap optimization.



					pressure	pressure	
					(side load)	(side load)	Standard air connections
Type	Materials	W	Н	В	Υ	Υ	(See pages 18 & 19)
Non-Rein	forced						
PRS573	EP, CR, VMQ	11/16	7/16	11/16	1/8	1/16	1A, 1B, 10, 11, 12
PRS978	EP	1	1/2	3/4	1/4	3/16	1A, 1B, 10, 11, 12
PRS537	EP, CR, NBR, VMQ, FKM	1 1 1/4	5/8	1	3/8	1/4	1A, 1B, 10, 11, 12
PRS535	EP, CR, NBR, VMQ	2	7/8	1 3/4	3/4	3/8	1C, 1D, 4A, 4B, 10, 11,12
PRS548	EP, CR	3	1/1/4	2	1	1/2	1C, 1D, 4A, 4B, 10, 11,12
PR28925	EP	3 1/4	1 1/4	2	1 1/8	5/8	1C, 1D, 4A, 4B, 10, 11,12
PRS934	CR	4	1 5/8	3	1 3/8	7/8	1C, 1D, 4A, 4B, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12
Туре		W	Н	В	Υ	Υ	
Reinforce	d						
PR13548	EP	11/16	7/16	11/16	1/8	1/16	2
PRS717	EP, VMQ	1	1/2	3/4	5/16	3/16	2
PRS580	EP, CR, NBR, VMQ	1 1/4	5/8	1	3/8	1/4	2
PRS582	EP, CR, NBR, VMQ	2	7/8	1 3/4	3/4	1/2	3A, 3B
PRS583	EP, CR, VMQ	3	1 1/4	2	1 1/4	3/4	3A, 3B
PRS705	EP	4	1 5/8	3	1 3/4	1 1/4	3A, 3B
PRS729	EP	5 1/2	1 5/8	4	2 1/4	1 5/8	3A, 3B
PRS590	EP	7 1/4	2 1/16	4 1/8	3	2	3A, 3B

Max. Gap for Max. Gap for low differential high differential



					Max. Gap for low differential pressure	Max. Gap for high differential pressure	al
					(side load)	(side load)	Standard air connections
Туре	Materials	W	Н	В	Υ	Υ	(See pages 18 & 19)
Non-Reinf	orced						
PRS951	EP, VMQ	1 3/16	7/8	1 13/16	5/16	3/16	10, 11, 12
PR9185	EP, VMQ	1 9/16	1	1 9/16	1/2	5/16	10, 11, 12
PRS946	EP	2 3/8	1 3/8	2 3/8	13/16	7/16	10, 11, 12
PRS974	EP	3 1/2	2 3/16	3 1/2	1 1/8	5/8	10, 11, 12
Туре	Materials	W	Н	В	Υ	Υ	
Reinforced	I						
PRS584	EP	4	1	3 1/4	2	1 1/4	3A, 3B

Material availability is indicated by cross section. Please refer to page 7 for material identification. If required, cross sections can be custom made using materials other than those indicated.

Retention System for Type 1 Profiles

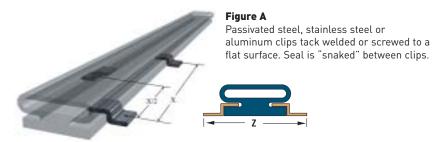


Figure A Retainer										
Seal Type Z Retainer Clip										
PRS573	1 9/16	PRS874								
PRS717, PRS978	1 3/4	PRS487								
PRS580, PRS537	2	PRS487								
PRS582, PRS535	3	PRS488								
PRS583, PRS548	3 3/8	PRS489								
PRS584	4 1/2	PRS489								
PRS705	4 7/8	PRS818								
PRS590	5 1/8	PR14479								
PRS729	7 1/2	PR9981								



Figure B

Bar size, structural, extruded, or fabricated steel, stainless steel or aluminum channel with pins screwed into tapped holes in the flanges. Seal is "snaked" between pins.

SCREW PINS

Recomme	nded Sp	acing (Fig. A & B)						
Seal Type X Seal Type X								
PRS573, PR13548 PRS978, PRS717 PRS537, 580	4" 5" 6"	PRS535, 582 PRS548, 583 PRS705, 584	10" 15" 20"					

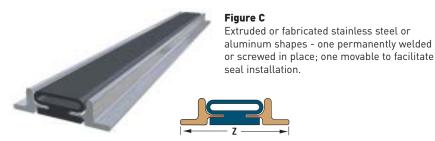


Figure C Retainer									
Seal Type	Z	Retainer							
PRS717, PRS978	2 1/2	PR12434							
PRS580, PRS537	3 1/8	PRS9494							
PRS582, PRS535	3 3/4	PR5710							
PRS583, PRS548	4 3/8 - 4 5/8	PR5223-PR9158							
PRS705	5 3/4	PR5224							
PRS584	5 7/8	PR6800							
PRS729	7 3/4	PR23255							
PRS590	9 1/2	PR23212							

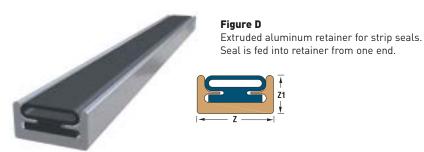


Figure D Retainer											
	Seal Type	Z	Z1	Retainer							
	PRS717, PRS978	1 1/4	21/32	PR12379							
	PRS580, PRS537	1 9/16	13/16	PR4009							
	PRS582, PRS535	2 1/2	1 1/4	PR5690							
	PRS583, PRS548	3 5/8	1 9/16	PR6491							

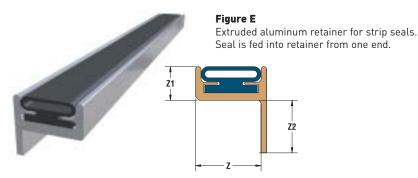


Figure E Retainer										
Seal Type	Z	Z1	Z2	Retainer						
PRS573, PR13548	1	19/32	7/8	PR13506						
PRS582, PRS535	2 3/8	1 1/8	1 3/4	PR5802						
PRS583, PRS548	3 5/8	1 9/16	1 3/4	PR12391						

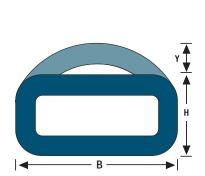
Designed primarily for endless radial expansion inward or outward where the seal can be snap fit into a Max Gap for high Max Gap for low

Besigned pri	indinty ioi	CHACCOO	radiac	скрапотоп	mivvara	01	_
retention cha	annel.						

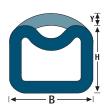
Non-Reinforced PRS920 EP, VMQ 3/4 1/4 3/16 1/8 1 1/8 1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1					pressure (side load)	pressure (side load)	Standard air connections
PRS920 EP, VMQ 3/4 1/4 3/16 1/8 1A, 1B, 5, 10, 11, 12 PRS904 NR 7/8 5/16 3/16 1/8 1A, 1B, 5, 10, 11, 12 PRS903 EP 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/4 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 10, 11, 12 PRS509 VMQ 1 1/2 3/8 3/8 N/A 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 10, 11, 12 PRS525 CR 1 1/2 1/2 7/16 1/4 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS423 EP, CR 2 1/2 3/4 3/8 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS564 EP 2 1/2 1/2 7/8 3/8 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS578 EP 31/4 1/2 1 1/2 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS578 EP 31/4 1/2 1 1/2 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR10287 EP 5 5/8 1 1/4 1 3/4 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR11011 EP 7 3/8 1 1/4 2 1/2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS733 EP, CR 3/4 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS733 EP, CR 3/4 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS701 EP, CR, VMQ 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/4 2 PRS702 EP, CR, VMQ 2 1/2 3/4 1/2 3A, 3B PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/4 2 PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/4 2 PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/8 3/4 3A, 3B PRS704 EP 4 1 1 13/4 11/4 3/4 3A, 3B	Туре	Materials	В	Н	Υ	Υ	(See pages 18 & 19)
PRS904 NR 7/8 5/16 3/16 1/8 1A, 1B, 5, 10, 11, 12 PRS903 EP 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/4 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 10, 11, 12 PRS509 VMQ 1 1/2 3/8 3/8 N/A 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 10, 11, 12 PRS525 CR 1 1/2 1/2 7/16 1/4 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS423 EP, CR 2 1/2 3/4 3/8 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS564 EP 2 1/2 1/2 7/8 3/8 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS570 CR 3 3/4 1 1/2 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS578 EP 31/4 1/2 1 1/2 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR10287 EP 5 5/8 1 1/4 1 3/4 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR10287 EP 6 3/4 2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR1011 EP 7 3/8 1 1/4 2 1/2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 Reinforced PRS733 EP, CR 3/4 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS701 EP, CR, VMQ 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/4 2 PRS702 EP, CR, VMQ 2 1/2 3/4 1/2 3A, 3B PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS704 EP 4 1 1 13/4 11/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS706 EP 4 1 1 13/4 11/4 3A, 3B, 3B	Non-Reinf	orced					
PRS903 EP 1 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 3/8 1/4 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 10, 11, 12 PRS509 VMQ 1 1 1/2 3/8 3/8 N/A 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 10, 11, 12 PRS525 CR 1 1 1/2 1/2 7/16 1/4 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS423 EP, CR 2 1/2 3/4 3/8 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS564 EP 2 1/2 1/2 7/8 3/8 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS570 CR 3 3/4 1 1/2 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS578 EP 31/4 1/2 1 1/2 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR10287 EP 5 5/8 1 1/4 1 3/4 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR17559 EP 6 3/4 2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR11011 EP 7 3/8 1 1/4 2 1/2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 Reinforced PRS733 EP, CR 3/4 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS701 EP, CR, VMQ 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS702 EP, CR, VMQ 2 1/2 3/4 1/2 3A, 3B PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS706 EP 4 1 1 1 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3A, 3B	PRS920	EP, VMQ	3/4	1/4	3/16	1/8	1A, 1B, 5, 10, 11, 12
PRS509 VMQ 1 1 1/2 3/8 3/8 N/A 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 10, 11, 12 PRS525 CR 1 1 1/2 1/2 7/16 1/4 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS423 EP, CR 2 1/2 3/4 3/8 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS564 EP 2 1/2 1/2 7/8 3/8 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS520 CR 3 3/4 1 1/2 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS578 EP 31/4 1/2 1 1/2 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR10287 EP 5 5/8 1 1/4 1 3/4 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR17559 EP 6 3/4 2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR11011 EP 7 3/8 1 1/4 2 1/2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 Reinforced PR29752 EP 3/4 1/4 1/8 1/16 2 PRS733 EP, CR 3/4 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS701 EP, CR, VMQ 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/4 2 PRS702 EP, CR, VMQ 2 1/2 3/4 1/2 3A, 3B PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS704 EP 4 1 1 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS706 EP 4 1 1 1 3/4 1 1/4 3A, 3B, 3B	PRS904	NR	7/8	5/16	3/16	1/8	1A, 1B, 5, 10, 11, 12
PRS525 CR 1 1 1/2 1/2 7/16 1/4 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS423 EP, CR 2 1/2 3/4 3/8 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS564 EP 2 1/2 1/2 7/8 3/8 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS520 CR 3 3/4 1 1/2 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS578 EP 31/4 1/2 1 1/2 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR10287 EP 5 5/8 1 1/4 1 3/4 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR17559 EP 6 3/4 2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR11011 EP 7 3/8 1 1/4 2 1/2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 Reinforced PR29752 EP 3/4 1/4 1/8 1/16 2 PRS733 EP, CR 3/4 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS701 EP, CR, VMQ 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS702 EP, CR, VMQ 2 1/2 3/4 1/2 3A, 3B PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS706 EP 4 1 1 13/4 1 1/4 3A, 3B, 3B	PRS903	EP	1 1/4	3/8	3/8	1/4	1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 10, 11, 12
PRS423 EP, CR 2 1/2 3/4 3/8 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS564 EP 2 1/2 1/2 7/8 3/8 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS520 CR 3 3/4 1 1/2 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS578 EP 31/4 1/2 1 1/2 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR10287 EP 5 5/8 1 1/4 1 3/4 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR17559 EP 6 3/4 2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR11011 EP 7 3/8 1 1/4 2 1/2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 Reinforced PR29752 EP 3/4 1/4 1/8 1/16 2 PRS733 EP, CR 3/4 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS701 EP, CR, VMQ 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/4 2 PRS702 EP, CR, VMQ 2 1/2 3/4 1/2 3A, 3B PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS706 EP 4 1 1 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3A, 3B	PRS509	VMQ	1 1/2	3/8	3/8	N/A	1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 10, 11, 12
PRS564 EP 2 1/2 1/2 7/8 3/8 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS520 CR 3 3/4 1 1/2 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS578 EP 31/4 1/2 1 1/2 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR10287 EP 5 5/8 1 1/4 1 3/4 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR17559 EP 6 3/4 2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR11011 EP 7 3/8 1 1/4 2 1/2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 Reinforced PR29752 EP 3/4 1/4 1/8 1/16 2 PRS733 EP, CR 3/4 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS701 EP, CR, VMQ 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS702 EP, CR, VMQ 2 1/2 3/4 1/2 3A, 3B PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS706 EP 4 1 1 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3A, 3B	PRS525	CR	1 1/2	1/2	7/16	1/4	1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 7, 10, 11, 12
PRS520 CR 3 3/4 1 1/2 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PRS578 EP 31/4 1/2 1 1/2 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR10287 EP 55/8 1 1/4 1 3/4 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR17559 EP 6 3/4 2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR11011 EP 7 3/8 1 1/4 2 1/2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 Reinforced PR29752 EP 3/4 1/4 1/8 1/16 2 PRS733 EP, CR 3/4 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS701 EP, CR, VMQ 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/4 2 PRS702 EP, CR, VMQ 2 1/2 3/4 1/2 3A, 3B PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS706 EP 4 1 1 3/4 1 1/4 3A, 3B	PRS423	EP, CR	2	1/2	3/4	3/8	1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12
PRS578 EP 31/4 1/2 1 1/2 1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR10287 EP 5 5/8 1 1/4 1 3/4 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR17559 EP 6 3/4 2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR11011 EP 7 3/8 1 1/4 2 1/2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 Reinforced PR29752 EP 3/4 1/4 1/8 1/16 2 PRS733 EP, CR 3/4 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS701 EP, CR, VMQ 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/4 2 PRS702 EP, CR, VMQ 2 1/2 3/4 1/2 3A, 3B PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS706 EP 4 1 1 3/4 1 1/4 3A, 3B	PRS564	EP	2 1/2	1/2	7/8	3/8	1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12
PR10287 EP 5 5/8 1 1/4 1 3/4 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR17559 EP 6 3/4 2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR11011 EP 7 3/8 1 1/4 2 1/2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 Reinforced PR29752 EP 3/4 1/4 1/8 1/16 2 PRS733 EP, CR 3/4 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS701 EP, CR, VMQ 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/4 2 PRS702 EP, CR, VMQ 2 1/2 3/4 1/2 3A, 3B PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS706 EP 4 1 1 3/4 1 1/4 3A, 3B	PRS520	CR	3	3/4	1	1/2	1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12
PR17559 EP 6 3/4 2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 PR11011 EP 7 3/8 1 1/4 2 1/2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 Reinforced PR29752 EP 3/4 1/4 1/8 1/16 2 PRS733 EP, CR 3/4 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS701 EP, CR, VMQ 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/4 2 PRS702 EP, CR, VMQ 2 1/2 3/4 1/2 3A, 3B PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS706 EP 4 1 1 3/4 1 1/4 3A, 3B	PRS578	EP	31/4	1/2	1	1/2	1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12
Reinforced PR11011 EP 7 3/8 1 1/4 2 1/2 N/A 4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 Reinforced PR29752 EP 3/4 1/4 1/8 1/16 2 PRS733 EP, CR 3/4 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS701 EP, CR, VMQ 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/4 2 PRS702 EP, CR, VMQ 2 1/2 3/4 1/2 3A, 3B PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS706 EP 4 1 1 3/4 1 1/4 3A, 3B	PR10287	EP	5 5/8	1 1/4	1 3/4	N/A	4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12
Reinforced PR29752 EP 3/4 1/4 1/8 1/16 2 PRS733 EP, CR 3/4 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS701 EP, CR, VMQ 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/4 2 PRS702 EP, CR, VMQ 2 1/2 3/4 1/2 3A, 3B PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS706 EP 4 1 1 3/4 1 1/4 3A, 3B	PR17559	EP	6	3/4	2	N/A	4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12
PR29752 EP 3/4 1/4 1/8 1/16 2 PRS733 EP, CR 3/4 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS701 EP, CR, VMQ 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/4 2 PRS702 EP, CR, VMQ 2 1/2 3/4 1/2 3A, 3B PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS706 EP 4 1 1 3/4 1 1/4 3A, 3B	PR11011	EP	7 3/8	1 1/4	2 1/2	N/A	4A, 4B, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12
PRS733 EP, CR 3/4 3/8 1/8 1/16 2 PRS701 EP, CR, VMQ 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/4 2 PRS702 EP, CR, VMQ 2 1/2 3/4 1/2 3A, 3B PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS706 EP 4 1 1 3/4 1 1/4 3A, 3B	Reinforce	d					
PRS701 EP, CR, VMQ 1 1/4 3/8 3/8 1/4 2 PRS702 EP, CR, VMQ 2 1/2 3/4 1/2 3A, 3B PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS706 EP 4 1 1 3/4 1 1/4 3A, 3B	PR29752	EP	3/4	1/4	1/8	1/16	2
PRS702 EP, CR, VMQ 2 1/2 3/4 1/2 3A, 3B PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS706 EP 4 1 1 3/4 1 1/4 3A, 3B	PRS733	EP, CR	3/4	3/8	1/8	1/16	2
PRS703 EP 3 3/4 1 1/4 3/4 3A, 3B PRS706 EP 4 1 1 3/4 1 1/4 3A, 3B	PRS701	EP, CR, VMQ	1 1/4	3/8	3/8	1/4	2
PRS706 EP 4 1 1 3/4 1 1/4 3A, 3B	PRS702	EP, CR, VMQ	2	1/2	3/4	1/2	3A, 3B
	PRS703	EP	3	3/4	1 1/4	3/4	3A, 3B
PRS512 EP 6 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 3/4 3A, 3B	PRS706	EP	4	1	1 3/4	1 1/4	3A, 3B
	PRS512	EP	6	1 1/2	2 1/2	1 3/4	3A, 3B

differential

differential



Туре	Materials	В	Н	Max Gap for low differential pressure (side load) Y	Max Gap for high differential pressure (side load) Y	Standard air connections (See pages 18 & 19)
Non-Reinf	orced					
PRS900	EP, CR	13/32	3/16	3/32	1/16	1A, 1B, 10, 11, 12
PR28501	EP	17/32	5/32	3/32	1/16	1A, 1B, 10, 11, 12
PR10487	EP	1/2	5/16	3/32	1/16	1A, 1B, 10, 11, 12
PRS924	CR	3/4	1/4	3/16	1/8	1A, 1B, 10, 11, 12
PRS554	EP, CR	3/4	3/8	3/16	1/8	1A, 1B, 5, 10, 11, 12
PRS102	EP, CR	15/16	5/16	3/16	1/8	1A, 1B, 5, 10, 11, 12
PRS577	EP	15/16	1/2	1/4	3/16	1A, 1B, 5, 10, 11, 12
PRS905	CR	1 1/2	3/4	1/2	3/8	1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 5, 10, 11, 12
PRS571	CR	1 5/8	1/4	7/16	1/4	1A, 1B, 10, 11, 12



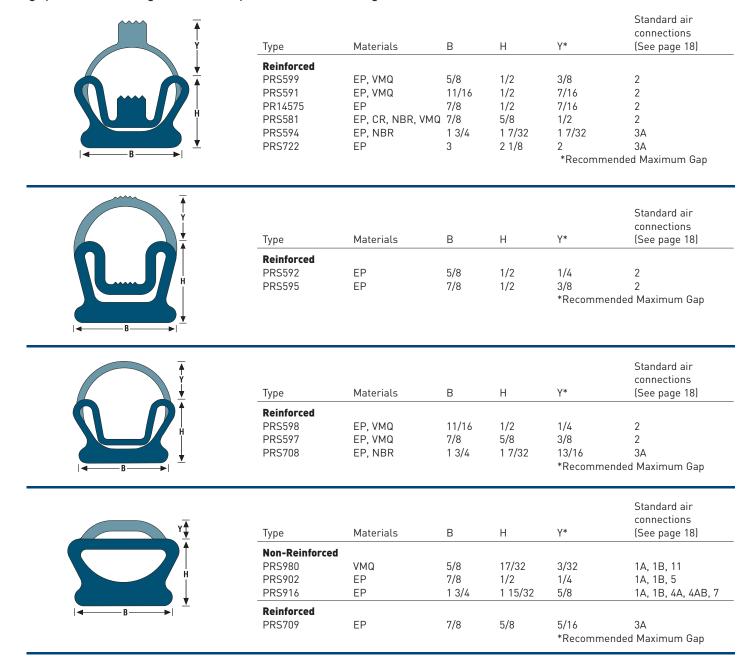
				Max Gap for low differential pressure (side load)	Max Gap for high differential pressure (side load)	Standard air connections
Туре	Materials	В	Н	Υ	Υ	(See pages 18 & 19)
Non-Rein	forced					
PRS907	CR	1/2	1/2	1/16	1/16	1A, 1B, 10, 11, 12
PR4982	EP, VMQ	5/8	17/32	3/16	1/8	1A, 1B, 10, 11, 12
PRS440	CR	3/4	3/4	1/8	1/16	1A, 1B, 10, 11, 12
PR14888	CR	25/32	7/8	1/4	1/8	1A, 1B, 10, 11, 12
PRS526	CR	7/8	7/8	1/4	1/8	1A, 1B, 10, 11, 12

Retention Systems

Adhesives are required if used in configurations other than radially expanding inward/outward. Note, however, that adhesives are significantly less reliable than the mechanical retention systems used with Type 1 or 3 seals. For recommended retainer groove (gland) dimensions please refer to page 13.

Type 3

The classic Pneuma-Seal profile, These cross sections are designed specifically for a snap fit into a mating dovetail groove. The Type 3 convoluted design, along with the Type 4, also provides the greatest gap/width coverage when compared to other designs.



Material availability is indicated by cross section. Please refer to page 7 for material identification. If required, cross sections can be custom made using materials other than those indicated.

Materials

ΕP

Н

1 1/4 5/8

5/8

Type

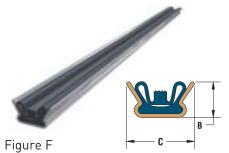
Non-Reinforced PRS736

Standard air connections

(See page 18)

3/8 1A, 1B
*Recommended Maximum Gap

Retention Systems for Type 3 Profiles



Extruded aluminum retainer (available from Pawling). Seal "snaps" in place.

Figure F Retainer									
Retainer No.									
PR3593									
PR3592									
PR3406									
PR4226									



Figure G Machined groove. Seal "snaps" in place.

Consult Pawling for dimensions



Extruded synthetic rubber retainer (available from Pawling) rigidly supported on sides. Seal "snaps" in place.

Figure H Retainer								
Seal	В	С	Retainer No.					
PRS595, PR14575	5/8	1 1/4	PR3859					
PRS581, PRS597	7/8	1 1/2	PR3073					
PRS594	1 5/8	3	PR13161					

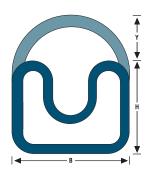
Standard air connections

Type 4

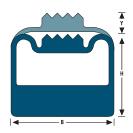
Similar to the Type 3, the Type 4 Pneuma-Seal is designed for large gap coverage along with ease of retention within a square channel.



Туре	Materials	В	Н	γ*	Standard air connections (See page 18)
Reinforced					
PRS715	EP, NBR	17/32	7/16	3/8	2
PRS707	EP, VMQ	21/32	7/16	7/16	2
PR11903	EP	7/8	5/8	1/4	2
PRS713	EP	1 3/4	1 3/8	1 1/4	3A
					*Recommended Maximum Gap



Туре	Materials	В	Н	Υ*	(See page 18)
Non-Reinforced					
PRS911	EP	19/32	3/8	1/8	1A, 1B
PR29416	EP	11/16	5/8	1/4	1A, 1B
PR6648	EP	15/16	3/4	3/8	1A, 1B
PR27880	EP	2 1/2	1 31/32	1	1C, 1D, 4A, 4B
Reinforced					
PR14179	EP	9/16	7/16	5/32	1A, 1B
PR12854	EP	19/32	3/8	5/32	2
PR11980	EP	5/8	9/16	9/32	2
PRS732	EP	15/16	3/4	13/32	2
PRS740	EP	1 11/32	1 1/16	1/2	3A
					*Recommended Maximum Gap

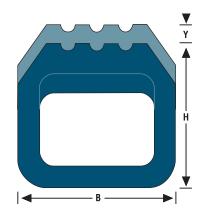


Туре	Materials	В	Н	Υ*	Standard air connections (See page 18)
Reinforced PR8087	VMQ	5/8	1/2	1/8	1A, 1B *Recommended Maximum Gap

Type 10

Designed primarily for high pressure, low gap applications. When inflated, the sidewalls elongate to cover the necessary gap.

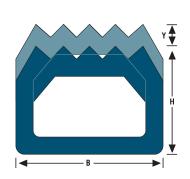
Type 10A (Squared Sealing Beads)



Туре	Materials	В	Н	Υ	Standard air connections*
Non-Reinford	:ed				
PR15092	EP, VMQ, FKM	.551 (14)	.394 (10)	.118 (3)	10, 11, 12, 13
PRS945	EP, VMQ	.551 (14)	.453 (11.5)	.118 (3)	10, 11, 12, 13
PRS950	EP, VMQ, FKM	.630 (16)	.472 (12)	.118 (3)	10, 11, 12, 13
PRS960	EP, VMQ	.630 (16)	.709 (18)	.138 (3.5)	10, 11, 12, 13
PRS955	EP, VMQ	.866 (22)	.748 (19)	.138 (3.5)	10, 11, 12, 13
PRS952	EP, VMQ	1.024 (26)	.748 (19)	.178 (4.5)	10, 11, 12, 13
PRS949	VMQ	1.063 (27)	.827 (21)	.197 (5)	10, 11, 12, 13
PRS966	VMQ	1.181 (30)	.630 (16)	.197 (5)	10, 11, 12, 13
PRS972	EP, VMQ	1.378 (35)	1.024 (26)	.315 (8)	10, 11, 12, 13
PR6119	EP, VMQ	1.378 (35)	1.260 (32)	.394 (10)	10, 11, 12, 13

^{*}Flexible connections terminating with 1/8 NPT fittings are also available.

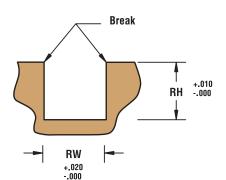
Type 10B (Angled Sealing Beads)



Туре	Materials	В	Н	Υ	Standard air connections*
Non-Reinford	ed				
PRS973	EP, VMQ	.256 (6.5)	.197 (5)	.059 (1.5)	10, 11, 12, 13
PRS977	VMQ	.394 (10)	.315 (8)	.078 (2)	10, 11, 12, 13
PRS971	EP, VMQ	.630 (16)	.551 (14)	.138 (3.5)	10, 11, 12, 13
PRS969	EP, VMQ	.787 (20)	.787 (20)	.157 (4)	10, 11, 12, 13
PRS970	EP, VMQ	.827 (21)	.945 (24)	.197 (5)	10, 11, 12, 13
PRS942	VMQ	2.126 (54)	1.575 (40)	.315 (8)	10, 11, 12, 13

^{*}Flexible connections terminating with 1/8 NPT fittings are also available.

Recommended Retainer Groove for Types 2, 4, 10A & 10B Pneuma-Seals



RW = seal profile width (w dimension) with its plus tolerance

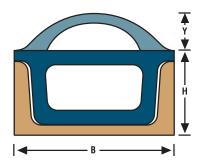
RH = seal profile height (H dimension) with its plus tolerance

Surface finish of bottom of machined groove should be 63 microinch or better with finish lay parallel to seal.

For circular, radial expansion inward/outward configurations, especially smaller diameters, seals are sized so that their tension or compression forces are generally sufficient to hold them in place. If used in other configurations, adhesives are generally required.

Type 7

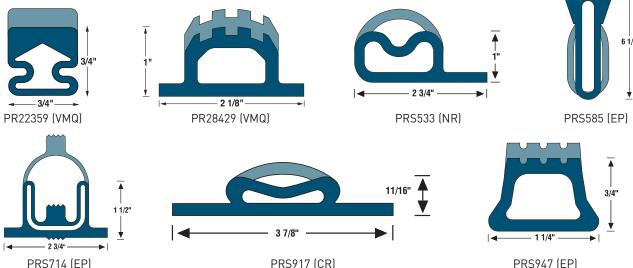
Designed to provide large surface contact for lifting applications, but can also be used as seals. Standard aluminum channel sizes may be used with Type 7's (see below).



Туре	Materials	В	Н	γ*	(Steel or Alum.) T	Standard air connections (See page 18)
Non-Rei	nforced					
PRS576	CR	2	15/16	1/2	.125	1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 6, 7
PRS505	CR	3	1 7/16	3/4	.170, .258, .356	1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 6, 7
PRS436	CR	4	1 3/4	1	.184, .247, .321	1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 6, 7
PRS501	CR	5	1 15/16	1 1/2	.190, .325	1A, 1B, 4A, 4B, 6, 7
				*Recomr	mended Maximum Gap	

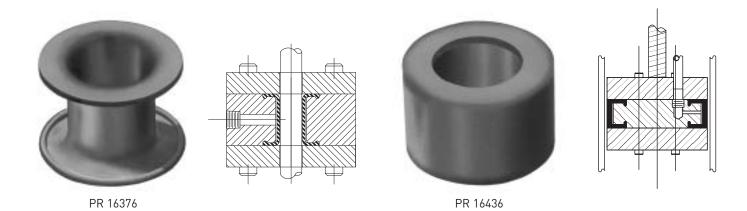
►| 1 1/2" |**⊲**

Other Pneuma-Seal Types



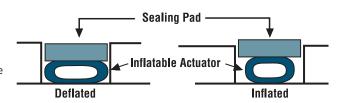
Sealing Small Diameters

When the OD or ID of the surface to be sealed is too small for a standard Pneuma-Seal cross section, inflatable "bladders" are employed (PR16376 and PR16436 below). This concept is generally used for seals less than 2" in diameter, but may be used for seals up to 6" or more in diameter. Typically, Pawling supplies the molded bladders and the required dimensions for the user supplied 3-piece housings, but on request, Pawling will also furnish the housings.



2-Piece Seals

When excessively high pressure differentials and/or harsh environmental conditions are present, 2-piece seals can be utilized. The solid elastomeric sealing pad isolates and protects the inflatable actuator tube.



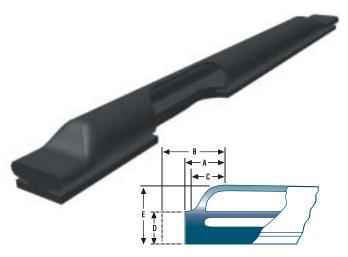
Mechanical Interlocking Seal Ends

For installations where the inflatable seal must be wrapped around a shaft or other cylindrical surface, and cannot be installed over the end, mechanical interlocking male-female molded seal ends can be incorporated. (This option is only available in limited seal types — consult Pawling.)



End Configurations for Types 1 & 2 Seals

In the ends of Type 1 and Type 2 seals there is a solid non-expanding portion at the extreme end followed by a transition area where the expansion gradually increases until it reaches the full sealing position, as shown in the illustration below.



Standard Boot End Dimensions									
SEAL	A 1*	B 1*	С	D	Е				
PRS573 PRS537 PRS535 PRS548 PRS717 PRS580 PRS582 PRS583 PRS705 PRS729 PRS590 PRS584	7/8 1 1/8 1 3/16 1 11/16 7/8 1 1/8 1 1/2 2 1/4 2 3/8 3 1/2 5 1/2 2 3/8	2 3/8 1 7/8 2 1/4 3 1/4 2 3/8 3 1/8 3 1/2 4 1/8 4 1/8 5 9 1/2 4	7/16 3/4 11/16 1 3/16 1/2 5/8 1 1 3/4 1 7/8 3 4 3/4 1 7/8	7/16 5/8 7/8 1 1/4 1/2 5/8 7/8 1 1/4 1 5/8 1 5/8 2 1/16	11/16 1 1 5/8 2 1/4 13/16 1 1 5/8 2 1/2 3 3/8 3 1/4 4 1/16 3				

NOTES:

- 1*. "A" Denotes standard end, "B" Denotes extended end
- 2. Dimensions on "A", "B" & "C" are approximate to within 3/32.
- 3. "D" dimension equals deflated height of seal. "E" dimension equals maximum inflation height indicated on page 8.

Strip seals should be securely clamped as illustrated below. For clamp dimensions, consult Pawling.









End Configurations for Type 3 Seals



Standard	Standard Boot End Dimensions							
SEAL	A *	B *	С	D	Е			
PRS599 PRS591 PR14575 PRS581 PRS594 PRS722	2 1/4 2 1/4 2 1/4 2 1/4 3 1/2 3 1/2	1 1/2 1 1/2 1 1/2 1 5/8 2 2 3/4	1 1/8 1 1/8 1 1/8 1 1/4 1 1/2 2	1/2 1/2 1/2 5/8 1 7/32 2 1/8	3/4 15/16 7/8 1 1/8 2 7/16 4 1/8			

- 1*. "A" Denotes extended end. "B" Denotes standard end.
 2. Dimensions on "A", "B" & "C" are approximate to within 3/32.
- 3. "D" dimension equals deflated height of seal. "E" dimension equals maximum inflation height indicated on page 11.

End Configurations & Clamps for Types 10A and 10B Profiles

Types 10A and 10B seals are available with two different sealed end heights, low and high. The low ends are sealed at a height approximately 10% higher than the relaxed hollow profile and the high ends sealed at a height approximately 20% higher than the relaxed hollow profile.



Side View Of Sealed End									
Type 10A	H (mm)	LE (low end)	HE (high end)	L (solid)	Type 10B	H (mm)	LE (low end)	HE (high end)	L (solid)
PR15092	.394 (10)	.433 (11)	.512 (13)	.551 (14)	PRS973	.197 (5)	.217 (5.5)	.256 (6.5)	.256 (6.5)
PRS945	.453 (11.5)	N/A	N/A	N/A	PRS977	.315 (8)	N/A	N/A	N/A
PRS950	.472 (12)	.512 (13)	.591 (15)	.630 (16)	PRS969	.787 (20)	.847 (21.5)	.945 (24)	.787 (20)
PRS960	.709 (18)	.768 (19.5)	.847 (21.5)	.630 (16)	PRS970	.945 (24)	1.024 (26)	1.142 (29)	.827 (21)
PRS955	.748 (19)	.807 (20.5)	.866 (22.5)	.866 (22)	PRS942	1.575 (40)	1.654 (42)	1.890 (48)	2.126 (54)
PRS952	.747 (19)	.807 (20.5)	.925 (23.5)	1.024 (26)					
PRS949	.827 (21)	.906 (23)	1.024 (26)	1.063 (27)					
PRS966	.630 (16)	N/A	N/A	N/A	Å LE/HE				<u> </u>
PRS972	1.024 (26)	1.142 (29)	1.339 (34)	1.378 (35)	LEZHE				H ♦
PR6119	1.260 (32)	1.378 (35)	1.772 (45)	1.378 (35)			L		<u></u>

Ends of strip seals should be securely clamped as illustrated below.









Corner Configurations

As a general rule Pneuma-Seal, molded or extruded, is flexible enough in a radial seal application (Fig. 1) to conform to a corner radius of between four and eight times its relaxed height, depending on the specific profile. However, the expansion in these corners will always be at least partially restricted unless the radius is even more liberal than this. The effect is more severe when the seal is positioned for radial expansion inward than when positioned for radial expansion outward. Therefore, when the designer has a choice, the latter location is preferable. Square right angle corners are not available for seals which expand radially inward or radially outward. However, if the requirement is to seal a rectangular opening with a radially outward expanding seal, a special design as described below (Fig. 4 & 5) can be furnished. In axially expanding (face)

applications, corners of rectangular non-reinforced Pneuma-Seal (Fig. 2) can be preformed to minimum centerline radii approximately twice the cross section width. (Consult Pawling for exact dimensions.)

When using molded fabric-reinforced Pneuma-Seal, designers are cautioned to consult with Pawling to avail themselves of existing corner molds.

Square right angle corners (Fig. 3) can be furnished for some axially expanding (face) applications. However, the working "gap" may, in some cases, be reduced from the figures shown in the brochure. (Consult Pawling for specifics.)

Figure 1



Figure 2



Figure 3



Sealing Rectangular Openings with Radially Outward Expanding Seal

Since square right angle corners are not available on radially expanding Pneuma-Seals, intermediate sealing pads are employed between the radiused seal and the square corners of the opening to be sealed. These pads can be bonded to the seal (Fig. 4) or to the corners of the opening (Fig. 5). Where possible, Figure 5 is recommended in lieu of Figure 4.

Figure 4

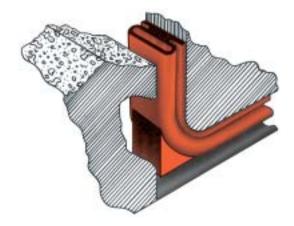
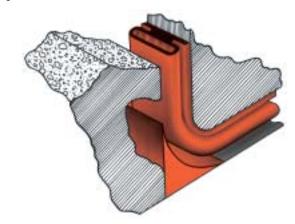
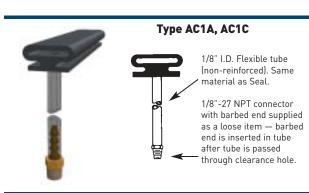


Figure 5

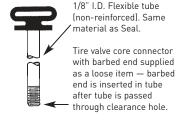


Air Connections for Types 1, 2, 3, 4 & 7 Pneuma-Seals

For endless seals, the standard location for the air connection is on the underside that mates with the mounting surface. For seals with closed solid ends, the air connection can either be on the underside or extending out of one end. For some Types 2, 3 and 4 profiles a third location, in the sidewall, is available (consult Pawling for feasibility). The tables on pages 8, 10, 11, 12, 13 and, 14 define which air connections are available for each profile. Some of the air connections are more resistant to abusive handling than others. In these cases, consult Pawling for air connection selection.



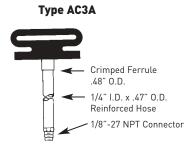
Type AC1B, AC1C

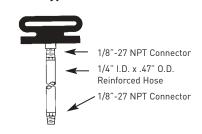


- Type 1A: 9/32" diameter clearance hole required (break edge or counter sink).
- Type 1B: 9/32" diameter clearance hole required (break edge or counter sink).
- Type 1C: 11/32" diameter clearance hole required (break edge or counter sink).
- Type 1D: 11/32" diameter clearance hole required (break edge or counter sink).

Type AC3B







1/2" diameter clearance hole required. Crimped Ferrule is not included on some silicone seals.

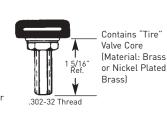
Type AC4B

19/32" diameter clearance hole required.

Type 5







1/2" diameter clearance hole with 31/32' diameter x 5/16" deep counterbore for nut and washer or 31/32" diameter clearance for entire assembly.

For seals requiring automotive type valve cores. 5/16" diameter clearance hole with 5/8" diameter x 7/32" deep counterbore for nut and washer or 5/8" diameter clearance for entire assembly.



3/4" diameter clearance hole with 150° countersink x 2" diameter.

Type AC7

diameter clearance for entire assembly.



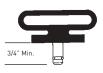
5/8" diameter clearance hole with 150° countersink x 1-1/2" diameter.

Type AC8



3/8" diameter clearance hole with 150° countersink x 3/4" diameter.

Type AC9



Metal Valve Stem (Brass or Stainless Steel) with integral O-Ring seal.

Various diameters and lengths available for press fit into bored hole.

End Connections for Types 1, 2, 3, 4 and 7 Pneuma-Seals



Types AC1A, AC1B, AC2 and AC2A air connections can be located in the ends of applicable sections, as illustrated. Threaded pipe connections, as illustrated in Figure C, can also be furnished molded in place.

Air Connections for Types 10A and 10B Pneuma-Seals

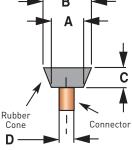
For endless seals the standard location for the air connection is on the underside that mates with the mounting surface. For seals with closed solid ends the air connection can either be on the underside or extending out of one end. For some profiles, the air connection can be molded to the sidewall. If desired, please consult Pawling for design feasibility. The tables on page 13 define which air connections are available for each profile.



The illustrated Types 10, 11, 12 and 13 air connections are readily available in brass in practically any desired length within a tolerance of \pm 5 mm (\pm 0.197"). Exact lengths can be supplied on special order for an extra charge. Stainless steel can also be supplied instead of brass for an extra charge.

Dimensions A, B and C are both the cone dimensions and the machining dimensions for the cone countersink.

Dimensions of rubber cones are as follows:



Type 10	Type 11	Type 12	Type 13
Thread Size	Fits Bore Sizes	Fits Hose ID's	Air Connector OD
M4, M6, M8, M10, M12, M16, 1/8 NPT, 1/8 BSP, 1/4 NPT, 1/4 BSP	6mm, 8mm, 10mm, 12mm	4mm, 6mm, 8mm, 10mm, 12mm, 3/16", 1/4"	

D	4	4	6	8	10 or 1/8 NPT/BSP	12	14 or 1/4 NPT/BSP	16
Α	5	6	10	12	14	16	18	20
В	6	8	12	14	21	24	26	28
С	3	4	6	6	10	10	12	12

Custom Rubber Fabrications

For many years, Pawling has manufactured custom products for highly unique applications. These custom rubber fabrications can be supplied in a variety of elastomeric and reinforcing materials to suit many unique requirements. Several examples are illustrated below:



A low temperature silicone seal with integral heating cable to preserve the seal's integrity under very cold conditions ($<60^{\circ}$ F).



A unique profile manufactured with cover and liner of dissimilar properties to maximize its life in difficult environments.



An inflatable seal with RFI-EMI shielding.



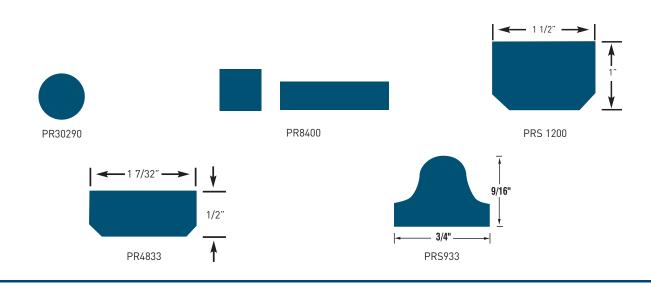
A large multi-layer fabric reinforced expansion joint used to seal large gaps and withstand seismic movement.



Inflatable pads for lifting or applying uniform clamping or bonding pressure.

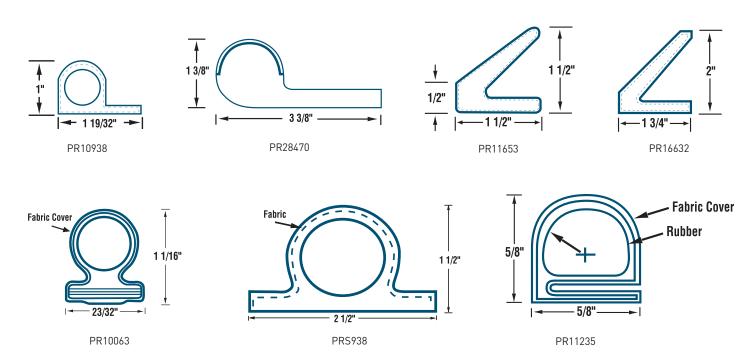
Special Custom Molded Cross Sections

These designs are primarily used where tight, molded tolerances are needed or where the elastomer is difficult to extrude. Typical applications include large O-rings or rectangular seals for flood gates or dams; soft durometer (25 duro), longer lasting dense compression seals to be used in lieu of sponge; seals requiring use of a very low compression set EPDM (see Pawling for details); and seals manufactured of Fluoroelastomer (FKM).



Molded Fabric Cross Sections

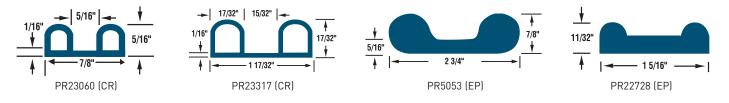
In some instances, fabric is required to either improve a gasket's strength or lower the coefficient of friction on its surface. Because they cannot be extruded, a special compression molding process is required. The cross sections below are several examples of what is available. Typical applications include aircraft canopy seals, Navy ship deck lip seals, and low friction shaft seals.



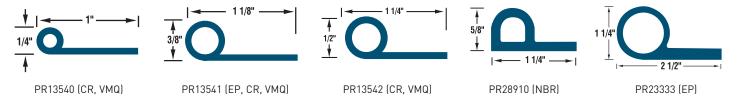
Compression Gaskets, Trim, Bumpers & Non-Inflatable Profiles

The profiles on these pages can be supplied unfinished or as continuous loops, rectangles, or other finished configurations.

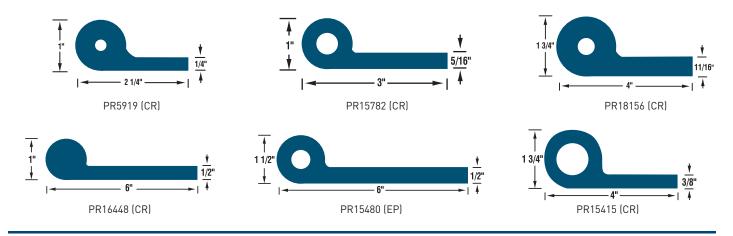
Double Bulb



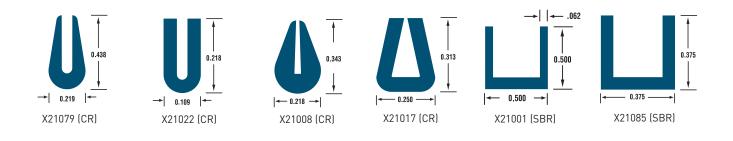
"P" Strips



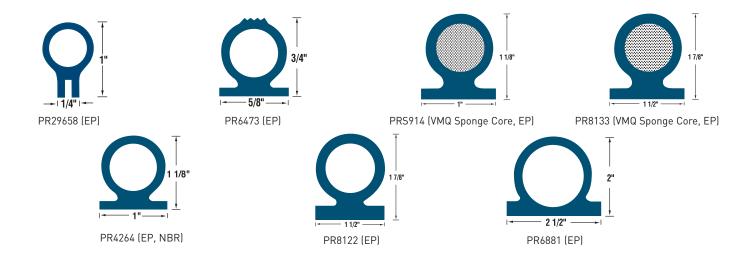
"J" Seals

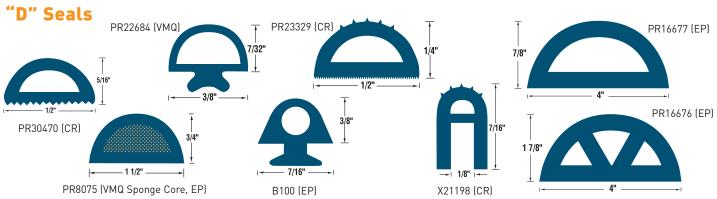


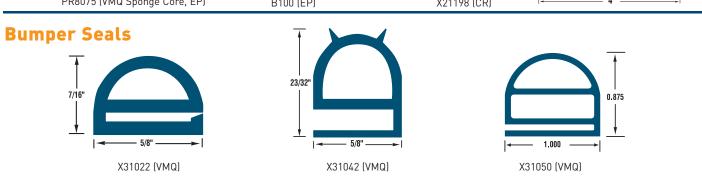
Channels

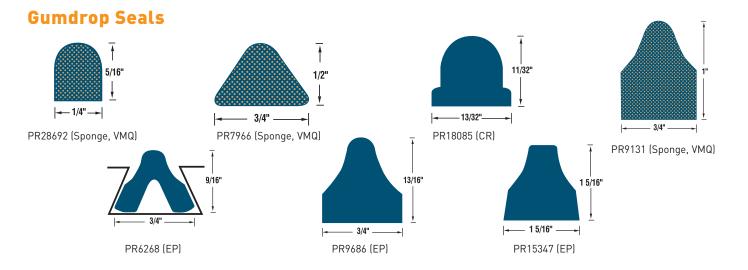


Center Bulb Seals









Pneuma-Seal

NOTE: For your convenience, you can photocopy the Pawling Design Service Specification form below.

To obtain Pawling design recommendations and pricing, please call or send the following information by fax or mail (a completed copy of this form would be helpful).

To: Pawling Design Service Company:	Name	:			
Phone:	Fax:	Email:			
Sealing against: Air	Water	Gas	Steam		
Other (describe)					
Sap	Pressure differential a	cross seal (See Below)	1		
Gap = Clearance between deflated seal and opposing surface	P2 INFLATABLE SEAL P3	P2 = Outs P3 = Infla Pressure Example:	ssure inside the vessel or equipment side Ition pressure differential = P1 - P2 If P1 is 14.7 psig (1 bar) and P2 is ere, pressure differential is 14.7 psig (1 bar)		
Diameter or overall dimensions of	seal				
orner Radius (if available) Max. deflated profile height & width					
Axial expanding	Radial expanding in	Radial	expanding out		
「emperature	Other environmenta	l factors			
requency of inflation	Duration of inflation				
Other remarks					
Required prototype quantity					
Estimated annual quantity require	ments				
Sketch:					



Pawling Engineered Products Division 157 Charles Colman Boulevard Pawling, New York 12564-1193 [845] 855-1000 • Fax (845) 855-1139 West Coast: (949) 475-9842 E-Mail: info@pawling.com www.pawling.com